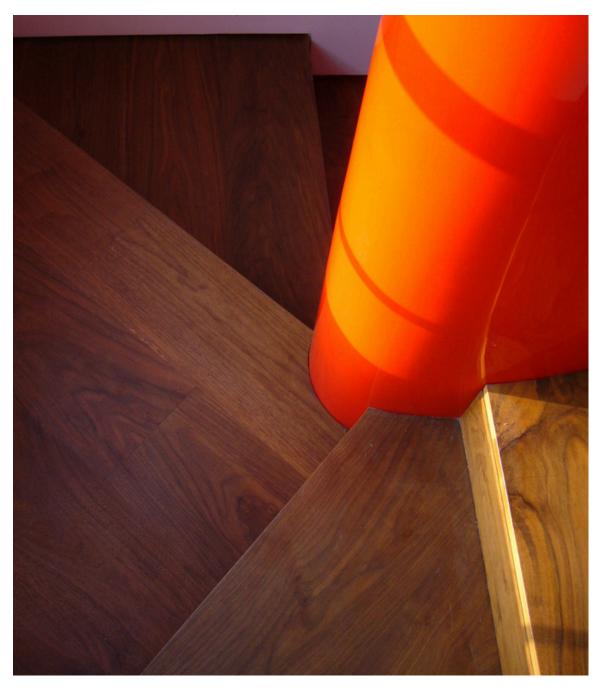
## Northern Forests



A collection of timbers - often overlooked - from the Northern hemisphere, beyond traditional oak. Some of these wood floors are finished in unusual ways: either bleached or treated with reactive stains to give them a modern twist.



Ash Chalk



Ash Cocoa



Douglas Fir Ebony



Douglas Fir Fossil



Elm Alabaster



Poplar Ecru



Walnut Bone



Walnut Natural

## Planks from: £139 sqm

Widths available: 145mm, 180mm, 200mm, 220mm, 240mm, 250mm, 260mm, 300mm,

350mm (not all timbers available in all widths)

Thickness available: 15 and 17mm

Duplex engineered

Prices do not include VAT or delivery

## **Technical Specifications**

**CERTIFICATION** Not Certified

**APPLICATION** Commercial and residential (Indoor) **CONSTRUCTION** Duplex engineered 4mm top layer oak

**BEVEL** Micro bevel as standard

**INSTALLATION TECHNIQUE**SUITABLE FOR UFH
Yes, when duplex engineered

FIRE CLASSIFICATIONEN: 13501: Dfl-S1THERMAL CONDUCTIVITY0.119-0.17 λ W/mK

HARDNESS (Janka) Ash:5870N, Douglas Fir: 2760N, Elm: 3790N,

Poplar: 1820N, Walnut: 4490N

Timber floors are easy to care for, please call us for further information on the best way to look after your floor.

Timber is a living material. A wooden floor, although no longer growing as part of a tree, is still very much part of its environment. As such, it responds to the light, temperature, humidity and wear to which it is exposed.

As the floor ages the colour of the wood will mellow and change. This is a natural process that occurs as the surface of the wood is exposed to oxygen in the air and to ultraviolet light from the sun. Painted surfaces, upholstery, furniture and rugs all undergo this same process over time.

After a number of years you may wish to have the floor surface sanded down and refinished. You could then choose to re-oil the floor or have it stained first or even refinished in lacquer.

